

Final Review

1. $-3 + 12 \div 4 \cdot 7$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3 + 21 \\ \hline 18 \end{array}$$

3. $-3^2 \div (-3)$ **18**

$$-9 \div -3$$

3

Evaluate each expression. Show work.

5. $|2 - 4m|$; $m = -11$

$$|2 - (-44)| \rightarrow |46| \rightarrow 46$$

7. $|6.2 - 9.1 + (-3.1)|$

$$|-2.9 - 3.1|$$

$$|-6| \rightarrow 6$$

9. $\left(\frac{5}{8}x + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{3}{4}\right) 24$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15x + 4 = 18 \\ \hline -4 \quad -4 \\ \hline 15x = 14 \end{array}$$

$$x = \frac{14}{15}$$

12. $-2.25x = 0.25x$

No Solution!

10. $-18 = 6(n + 3)$

$$\begin{array}{r} -18 = 6n + 18 \\ -18 \quad -18 \\ \hline -36 = 6n \\ \hline n = -6 \end{array}$$

13. $7 - 2 = -18x - 3 + 3x$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 = -15x - 3 \\ +3 \quad +3 \\ \hline 8 = -15x \\ \hline x = -\frac{8}{15} \end{array}$$

2. $14 + 8 + 4 + 8 \cdot 3$

$$14 + 2 + 24$$

$$16 + 24 = 40$$

4. $-22(-5) + (-3)$

$$110 + -3$$

$$107$$

6. $y^2 + z$; $y = -6, z = -3$

$$(-6)^2 + -3$$

$$36 + -3 = -12$$

8. $-3\frac{1}{5} - 2\frac{4}{5}$

$$-\frac{16}{5} - \frac{14}{5} \rightarrow -\frac{30}{5} = -6$$

$$11\frac{5}{2} = \frac{2}{5}x\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)$$

$$x = \frac{25}{2}$$

14. $-4m - 9 = -1$

$$\begin{array}{r} -4m - 9 = -1 \\ +9 \quad +9 \\ \hline -4m = 8 \\ \hline -14 \quad +14 \\ \hline m = -2 \end{array}$$

For problems #15-19 Solve each absolute value equation or inequality.

15. $-3|x - 2| - 5 = 22$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3|x - 2| - 5 = 22 \\ +5 \quad +5 \\ \hline -3|x - 2| = 27 \\ \hline -3 \quad -3 \\ \hline |x - 2| = -9 \end{array}$$

No Solution!

16. $4|y - 6| = -32$

$$|y - 6| = -8 \text{ N.S.}$$

17. $|r - 5| \geq 2$

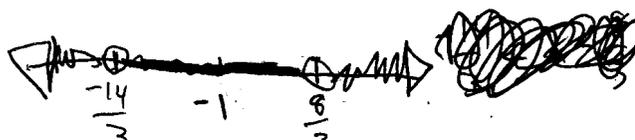


$$x \leq 3 \text{ or } x \geq 7$$

18. $-3|d + 1| + 5 < -6$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3|d + 1| + 5 < -6 \\ -5 \quad -5 \\ \hline -3|d + 1| < -11 \\ \hline -3 \quad -3 \\ \hline |d + 1| > \frac{11}{3} \end{array}$$

$$x < -\frac{14}{3} \text{ or } x > \frac{8}{3}$$



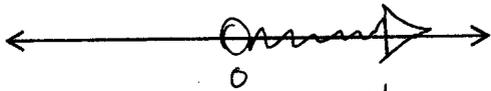
Solve each inequality. Graph the solution.

$$19. \frac{3(x-3)}{3} > \frac{-9}{3}$$

$$x-3 > -3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +3 \\ +3 \end{array}$$

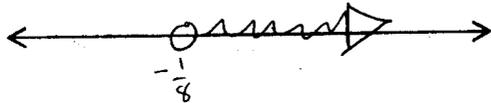
$$x > 0$$



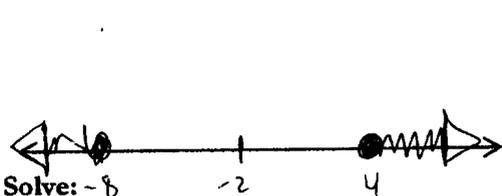
$$20. -3x+9 < 5x+10$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +3x \quad +3x \\ \hline 9 < 8x+10 \\ -10 \quad -10 \\ \hline -1 < 8x \\ \frac{-1}{8} < \frac{8x}{8} \quad \frac{-1}{8} < x \end{array}$$

$x > -\frac{1}{8}$



$$21. |r+2| \geq 6 \rightarrow |r-(-2)| \geq 6$$



Solve: $-8 \quad -2 \quad 4$

$$23. -6 \leq 6c+6 < 12$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -6 \quad -6 \quad -6 \\ \hline -12 \leq 6c < 6 \\ \frac{-12}{6} \leq \frac{6c}{6} < \frac{6}{6} \\ -2 \leq c < 1 \end{array}$$

~~scribble~~
 $x \leq -8$
 or
 $x \geq 4$

$$22. -2|d+2|+2 < -2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2 \quad -2 \\ \hline -2|d+2| < -4 \\ \frac{-2}{-2} \frac{|d+2|}{-2} < \frac{-4}{-2} \\ |d-(-2)| > 2 \end{array}$$

$d < -4$ or $d > 0$

$$24. -5b > 40 \text{ or } 3b+6 > 0$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -5 \quad -5 \\ \hline b < -8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -6 \quad -6 \\ \hline 3b > -6 \\ \frac{3b}{3} > \frac{-6}{3} \\ b > -2 \end{array}$$

Find the slope and y-intercept of the following:

$$25. 14x + 4y = 28$$

$$26. y = 3x + 15$$

$$27. \frac{-3x}{20} + \frac{-3}{20} = \frac{20y}{20}$$

$$28. 5x + 3y = 2x - 5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -14x \\ \hline 4y = -14x + 28 \\ \frac{4y}{4} = \frac{-14x}{4} + \frac{28}{4} \\ y = -\frac{14}{4}x + 7 \end{array}$$

$y_{int} = 7$
 $slope = -\frac{14}{4}$

$$3 = m$$

$y_{int} = 15$

$$y = -\frac{3}{20}x - \frac{3}{20}$$

$y_{int} = -\frac{3}{20}$ slope = $-\frac{3}{20}$

$$\begin{array}{r} -5x \quad -5x \\ \hline 3y = -3x - 5 \\ \frac{3y}{3} = \frac{-3x}{3} - \frac{5}{3} \\ y = -x - \frac{5}{3} \end{array}$$

slope = -1
 $y_{int} = -\frac{5}{3}$

30. What is $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ of 180? 31. What percent of 33 is 22? 32. 8 is what percent of 20? 33. 76 is 65% of what #?

60

66.6%

40%

116.923

Write an equation for the line in slope-intercept form that passes through the given point and is a) parallel to the given line and b) perpendicular to the given line. Show all work algebraically.

$$34. y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2; (-2, 6)$$

$$6 = -\frac{1}{2}(-2) + b \quad \text{parallel: } y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 5$$

$$6 = 1 + b$$

$$b = 5$$

$$6 = 2(-2) + b \quad \text{perp: } y = 2x + 10$$

$$35. 5x - 2y = 10; (-1, 5)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2y = -5x + 10 \\ \frac{-2y}{-2} = \frac{-5x}{-2} + \frac{10}{-2} \end{array}$$

$$y = \frac{5}{2}x - 5$$

$$\text{parallel: } y = \frac{5}{2}x + 7.5 \quad b = 10$$

$$5 = \frac{5}{2}(-1) + b$$

$$\text{perp: } 5 = -\frac{2}{5}(-1) + b$$

$$5 = -2.5 + b$$

$$b = 7.5$$

$$5 = \frac{2}{5} + b$$

$$b = 4.6$$

perp: $y = -\frac{2}{5}x + 4.6$